



Data Sheet

CL-SFC510UVBRGIR-850-02

Customer:

Part No:

Sample No:

Description:

Item No:

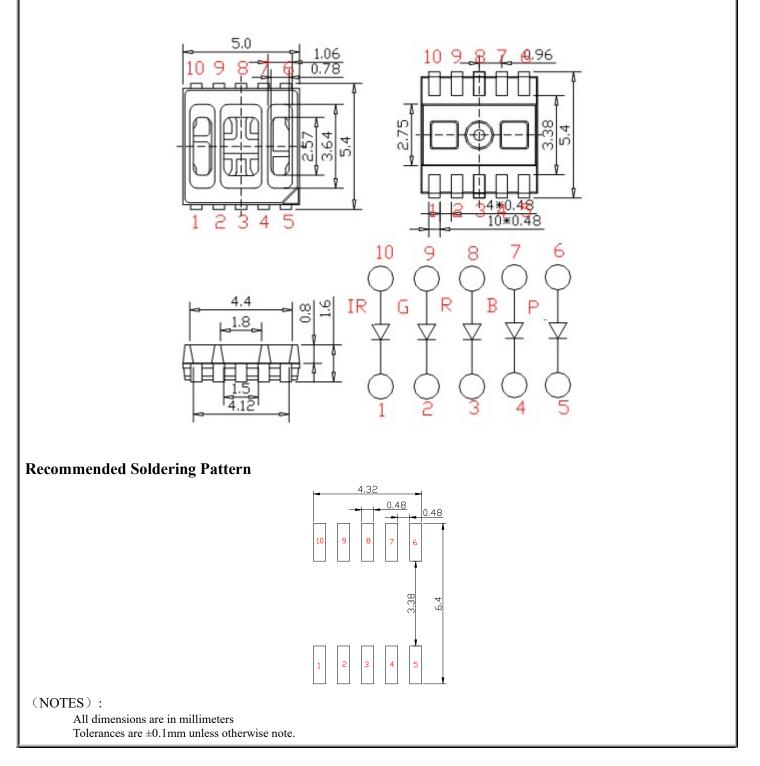
 Customer

 Check
 Inspection
 Approval
 Date



SFC510UVBRGIR-850-02





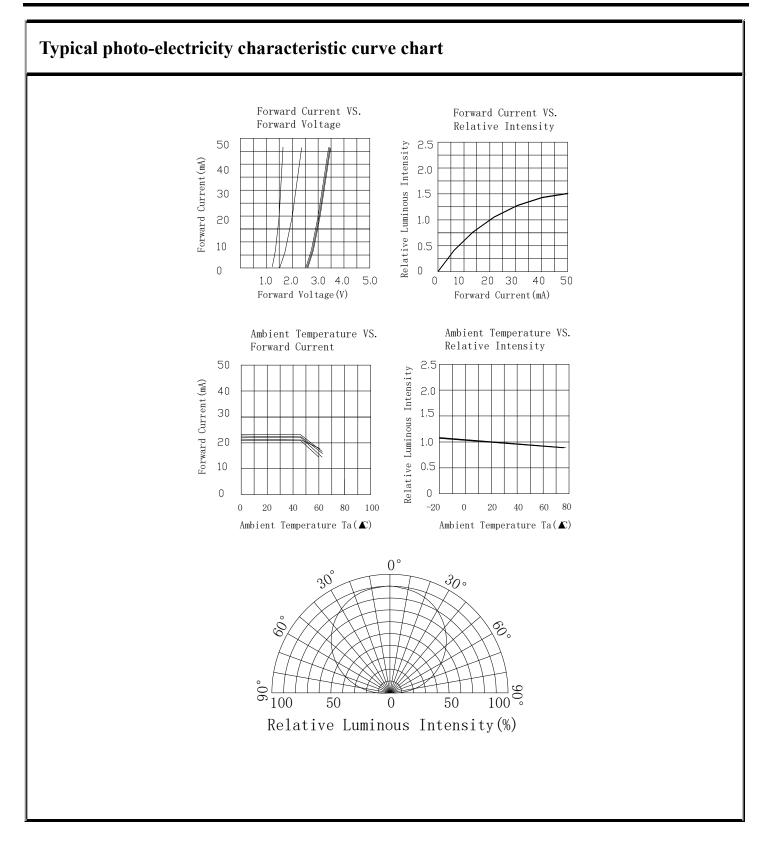


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Absolute maximum	ratings				(Ta	=25°C)		
Parameter		Symbol		Valı	ıe	Unit		
Forward current	If		20		mA			
Reverse voltage	Vr		5		V			
Power dissipation		Pd		480		mW		
Operating temperature range			Тор		-25~+80		°C	
Storage temperature range		Tstg		-30~+85		°C		
Peak pulsing current (1/8 duty		Ifp		50		mA		
Junction Temperature		Tj		115		°C		
Electrostatic Discharge(HBM)			ESD		2000		V	
Electro-Optical character	ristics				(TA=25°	°C)		
Parameter	Test Condition	Symbol	Color		Value		- Unit	
				Min	Тур	Max		
Forward voltage	I _F =20mA	Vf	R G B IR P	2.0 2.8 2.8 1.4 3.0		2.2 3.0 3.0 1.6 3.2	V	
luminous flux	I _F =20mA	φ	R G B IR P	2 6 400 10 15		4 8 600 15 20	LM LM MCD MW MW	
Viewing angle at 50% IV	I _F =20mA	201/2	R G B IR P		120		Deg	
Dominant wavelength	I _F =20mA	λd	R G B IR P	620 520 465 400	 850 	625 525 470 410	nm	
Reverse current	Vr=5V	Ir	R G B IR P		5		μΑ	



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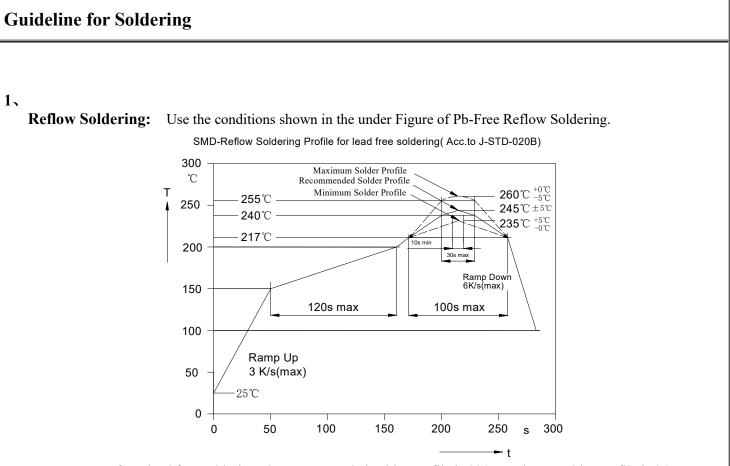
Test items and results of reliability							
Туре	Test item	Standard	Test Conditions	Note	Quantity	Number of Damaged	
Environmental Sequence	Temperature Cycle	JIS C 7021 (1977)A-4	-25°C 30min ↑↓5min 80°C 30min	100 cycle	22	0	
	Thermal Shock	MIL-SLD-107D	-25°C 15min ↑↓5min 80°C 15min	50 cycle	22	0	
	High Humidity Heat Cycle	JIS C 7021 (1977)A-5	$30^{\circ}C \langle = \rangle 65^{\circ}C$ 90%RH 24hrs/1cycle	10 cycle	22	0	
	High Temperature Storage	JIS C 7021 (1977)B-10	T _a =80°C	1000hrs	22	0	
	Humidity Heat Storage	JIS C 7021 (1977)B-11	T _a =60°C RH=90%	1000hrs	22	0	
	Low Temperature Storage	JIS C 7021 (1977)B-12	$T_a = -30^{\circ}C$	1000hrs	22	0	
Operation Sequence	Life Test	JIS C 7035 (1985)	T _a =25°C I _F =20mA	1000hrs	22	0	
	High Humidity Heat Life Test	*	60°C RH=90% I _F =20mA	500hrs	22	0	
	Low Temperature Life Test	*	Ta=-25°C I _F =20mA	1000hrs	22	0	

***** Refer to reliability test standard specification for in this line.

Criteria For Judging Damage

Test item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Standard
Forward Voltage	$V_{\rm F}$	I _F =I _{FT}	Initial Data±10%
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R =5V	I _R ≦10µA
Luminous Intensity	I_V	I _F =I _{FT}	Average I _V degradation $\leq 30\%$ Single LED I _V degradation $\leq 50\%$
Resistance to Soldering Heat			Meterial without internal cracks, no material between stripped, no deaded light.

*The technical information shown in the data sheets are limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.



Remark: If not lead free soldering, the recommended solder profile is 230°Cand max solder profile is 245°C.

2、 Hand Soldering

el Light

1. A soldering iron of less than 20W is recommended to be used in Hand Soldering Please keep the temperature of the soldering iron under 360°C while soldering Each terminal of the LED is to go for less than 3 second and for onetime only.

2. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand soldering.

3、 Cleaning

1. It is recommended that alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30° C for 3 minutes or 50° C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

2. Ultrasonic cleaning is also an effective way for cleaning. But the influence of Ultrasonic cleaning on LED depends on factors such an ultrasonic power. Generally, the ultrasonic power should not be higher than 300W.Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to LEDs will occur.





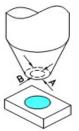
Tape and Packaging 1. Tape leader and reel Image: provide the second se

3、 Cautions

1. The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper.

2.

The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.





Handling Precautions

CIEL

1.

Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.

