



Data Sheet

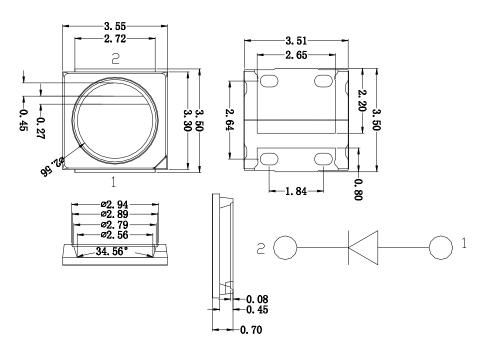
Customer:	
Part No:	CL-SFC3535USO-610-02
Sample No:	
Description:	3535 SMD AMBER Color
Item No:	

Customer				
Check	Inspection	Approval	Date	

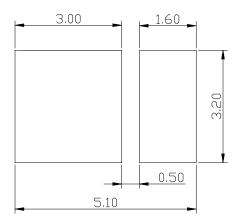




Package Dimensions



Recommended Soldering Pattern



(NOTES):

All dimensions are in millimeters

Tolerances are ± 0.1 mm unless otherwise note.



Ra



Color Rendering Index

 $I_F=150mA$



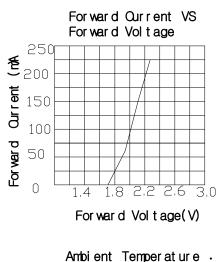
						CL-SFC	_3333	030)- 610-02
Absolute maximum ra	(Ta=25°C)								
Parameter				Symbol		Value		Unit	
Forward current				If		150		mA	
Reverse voltage				Vr		5		V	
Power dissipation				Pd		330		MW	
Operating temperature range				Тор		-25~+80		°C	
Storage temperature range				Tstg -30~		-30~+8	85 °C		°C
Peak pulsing current (1/8 duty	(f=1KHz)			Ifp		250		mA	
Junction Temperature				Tj		115		°C	
Electrostatic Discharge(HBM)				ESD	1	3000		V	
Electro-Optical characteristics			(TA=25°C)						
Parameter	Test Condition Sym	Symbo	mbol Colo	Color		Value			Unit
		Syllie			Min	Тур	Max		
Color Temperature	I _F =150mA	CCT	,						K
Forward voltage	I _F =150mA	Vf		О	2.2		2.4	4	V
luminous flux	I _F =150mA	φ		О	18		22	2	LM
Viewing angle at 50% IV	I _F =150mA	201/2	2	О		120			Deg
Dominant wavelength	I _F =150mA	λd		О	605		61	5	nm
Reverse current	Vr=5V	Ir		О		5			μΑ
	i								

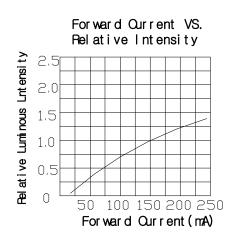
CRI

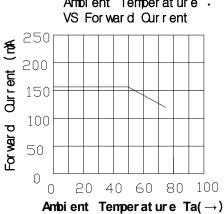


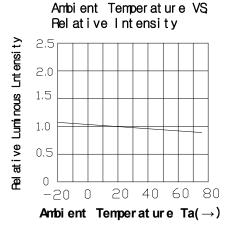


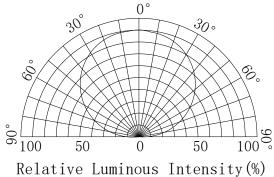
Typical photoelectricity characteristic curve chart















Test items and results of reliability

Туре	Test item	Standard	Test Conditions	Note	Quantity	Number of Damaged
	Temperature Cycle	JIS C 7021 (1977)A-4	-25°C 30min ↑↓5min 80°C 30min	100 cycle	22	0
ntal	Thermal Shock	MIL-SLD-107D	-25°C 15min ↑↓5min 80°C 15min	50 cycle	22	0
High Temperature Storage Humidity Heat Storage JIS C 7021 (19)	JIS C 7021 (1977)A-5	30°C <=> 65°C 90%RH 24hrs/1cycle	10 cycle	22	0	
	1	JIS C 7021 (1977)B-10	$T_a=80$ °C	1000hrs	22	0
	Humidity Heat Storage	JIS C 7021 (1977)B-11	T _a =60°C RH=90%	1000hrs	22	0
	_	JIS C 7021 (1977)B-12	$T_a = -30$ °C	1000hrs	22	0
Operation Sequence	Life Test	JIS C 7035 (1985)	$T_a=25$ °C $I_F=150$ mA	1000hrs	22	0
	High Humidity Heat Life Test	*	60°C RH=90% I _F =150mA	500hrs	22	0
	Low Temperature Life Test	*	Ta=-25°C I _F =150mA	1000hrs	22	0

^{*} Refer to reliability test standard specification for in this line.

Criteria For Judging Damage

Test item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Standard
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	$I_F = I_{FT}$	Initial Data±10%
Reverse Current	I_R	V _R =5V	I _R ≦10μA
Luminous Intensity	I_{V}	$I_F=I_{FT}$	Average I _V degradation $\leq 30\%$ Single LED I _V degradation $\leq 50\%$
Resistance to Soldering Heat			Meterial without internal cracks, no material between stripped, no deaded light.

^{*}The technical information shown in the data sheets are limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.



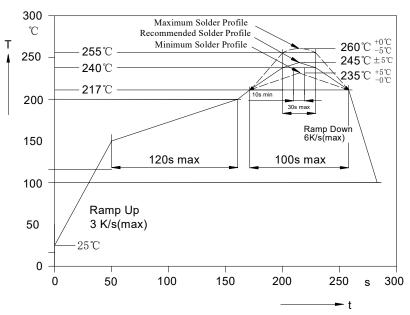


Guideline for Soldering

1,

Reflow Soldering: Use the conditions shown in the under Figure of Pb-Free Reflow Soldering.

SMD-Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering (Acc.to J-STD-020B)



Remark: If not lead free soldering, the recommended solder profile is 230°C and max solder profile is 245°C.

2. Hand Soldering

1),

A soldering iron of less than 20W is recommended to be used in Hand Soldering Please keep the temperature of the soldering iron under 360°C while soldering Each terminal of the LED is to go for less than 3 second and for onetime only.

2),

Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand soldering.

3. Cleaning

1),

It is recommended that alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30°C for 3 minutes or 50°C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

2),

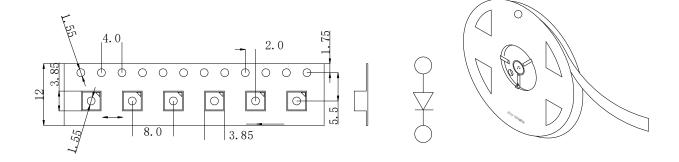
Ultrasonic cleaning is also an effective way for cleaning. But the influence of Ultrasonic cleaning on LED depends on factors such an ultrasonic power. Generally, the ultrasonic power should not be higher than 300W.Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to LEDs will occur.



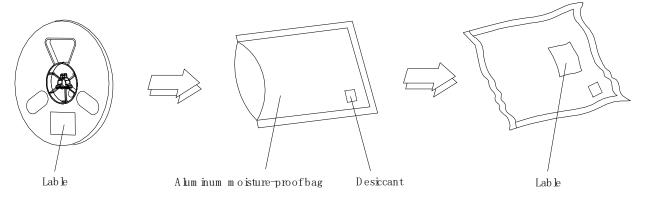


Tape and Packaging

1. Tape leader and reel



2. Moisture Resistant Packaging



3. Cautions

1)、

The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper.

2)、

The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.



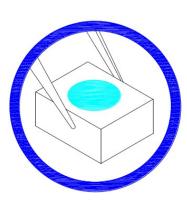


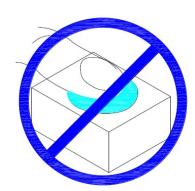
Handling Precautions

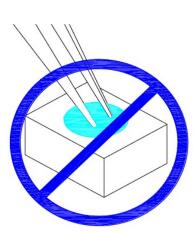
1,

Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the

silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.







2. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing LEDs.

Not suitable to operate in acidic envi-ronment, PH<7. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.



