Features

- PLCC-2 Package.
- Extremely wide viewing angle.
- Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.
- Available on tape and reel.
- Moisture sensitivity level: Level 4.
- Package:16000pcs/reel.
- RoHS compliant.



Description

The White LED which was fabricated using a blue chip and the phosphor



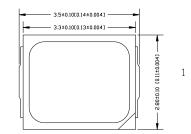
ATTENTION
OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS
FOR HANDLING
ELECTROSTATIC
DISCHARGE
SENSITIVE
DEVICES

Applications

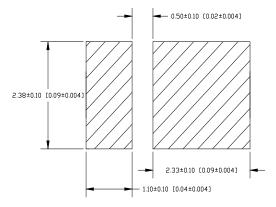
- Optical indicator
- Indoor display
- Backlight for LCD, switch and Symbol, display
- Tubular light application
- General use

Package Dimensions

2

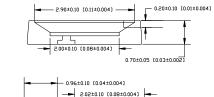


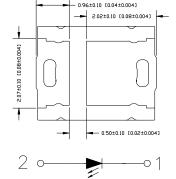
Recommended Soldering Pattern



Notes:

- 1. All dimension units are millimeters.
- 2.All dimension tolerance is ±0.15mm unless otherwise noted.





Selection Guide

Part No.	Chip Materials	Lens Type型	
SFC281DWW-2.4K-B-02(95CRI)	InGaN	Yellow Diffused	

Mass Production list

Part No.	CCT (K) Min	CCT (K) Typ	CCT (K) Max	Φ (lm) Min	Ф (lm) Тур	Test Conditions
SFC281DWW-2.4K- B-02(95CRI)	2400	-	2600	50	55	IF=150mA

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage	VF	2.8		3.4	V	IF=150mA
Viewing Angle	201/2		120		deg	IF=150mA
Color Rendering Index	Ra	80				IF=150mA
Reverse Current	IR			10	μA	VR = 5V

Note

- 1.201/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the optical centerline value.
- 2. The above luminous flux measurement allowance tolerance is ±5%.
- 3. The above Color Rendering Index measurement allowance tolerance is -2.
- 4. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance $\,$ is $\pm 0.1 \text{V}.$
- 5. The above color coordinates measurement allowance tolerance is ± 0.003 .

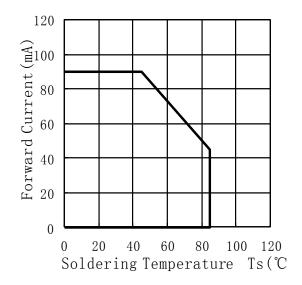
Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

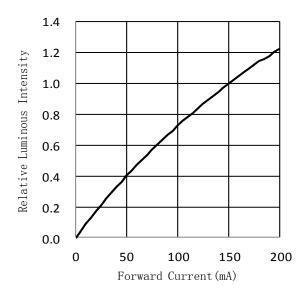
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Dissipation	Pd	510	mW
Forward Current	IF	150	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	1000	٧
TS Temperature)	TS	85	$^{\circ}\! C$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +100	°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Soldering point)	Rthj-s	35	°C/W
Junction Temperature	Tj	125	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

Typical optical characteristics curves

Soldering Temperature vs. Forward Current

Forward Current VS . Relative Intensity





Forward Voltage VS. Forward Current

240

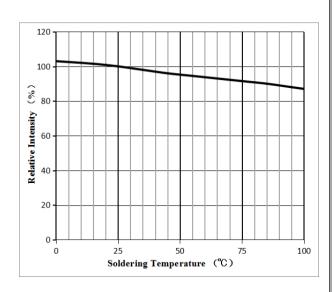
0

1

Forward Voltage (V)

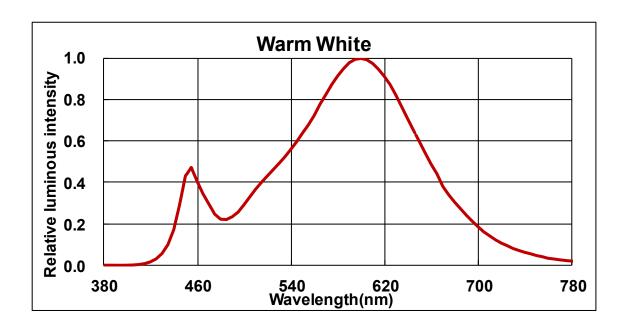
5

Soldering Temperature VS. Relative Intensity

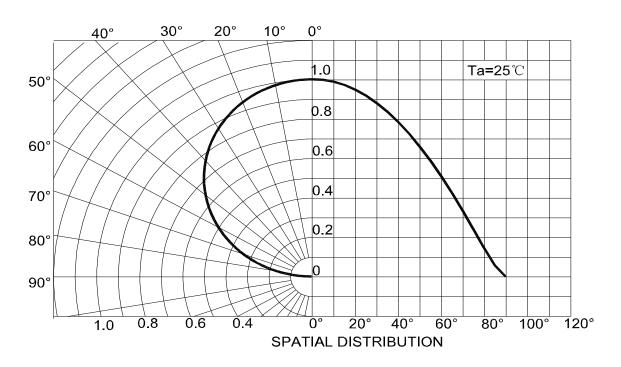


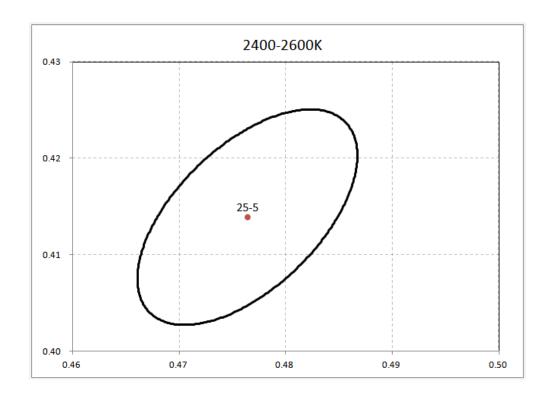
Typical optical characteristics curves

Relative spectral emission



Radiation diagram 辐射图特性曲线





Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinate ${\rm\ Bin}$

CCT	Bin Code Bin	CIE_x	CIE_y	а	b	Θ
2500K	25-5	0.4764	0.4139	0.0135	0.007	49

Reliability Test Items And Conditions

1					
Test Items	Ref. Standard	Test Condition	Time	Quantity	Ac/Re
Reflow	JESD22-B106	Temp:260°Cmax T=10 sec	3 times.	22Pcs.	0/1
Thermal Shock	JESD22-A104	-45-125℃ 15min/10s/15min	100 Cycles	22Pcs.	0/1
High Temperature Storage	JESD22-A103	Temp:100℃±5℃	1000Hrs.	11Pcs.	0/1
Low Temperature Storage	JESD22-A119	Temp:-40°C±5°C	1000Hrs.	11Pcs.	0/1
High Temperature Life Test	JESD22-A108	Ta=85°C±5°C IF=150mA	1000Hrs.	11Pcs.	0/1
High Temperature High Humidity Life Test	JESD22-A101	85°C±5°C/ 85%RH IF=150mA	1000Hrs.	11Pcs.	0/1

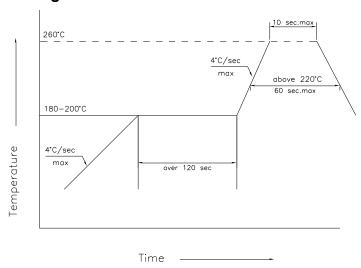
Failure Criteria

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Failure Criteria	
			Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=150mA		U.S.L*)x1.1
Reverse Current	IR	VR = 5V		10μΑ
Luminous Flux	Lm	IF=150mA	L.S.L*)x0.7	

U.S.L: Upper Specification Limit L.S.L: Lower Specification Limit

^{*}The technical information shown in the data sheets is limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.

SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT



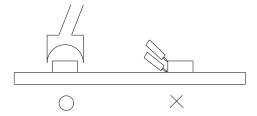
- 1.Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating

Soldering iron

- 1. When hand soldering, keep the temperature of iron below less 300 □ less than 3 seconds
- 2. The hand solder should be done only one times

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



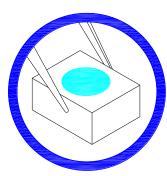
Cautions

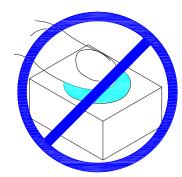
The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper.

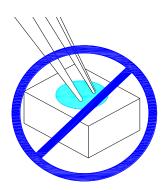
Handling Precautions

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more prone to damage by external mechanical force . As a result, Special handling precautions must be observed during assembling using silicone encapsulated LED products, Failure to comply might leads to damage and premature failure of the LED.

1. Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.



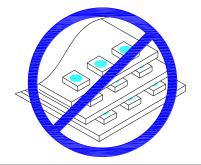




2. The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.



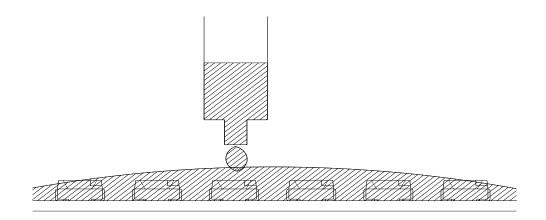
- 3.Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry
- 4.Not suitable to operate in acidic environment, PH<7





5.LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material.

6. When we need to use external glue for LED application products, please make sure that the external glue matches the LED packaging glue. Additionally ,as most of LED packaging glue is silica gel, and it has strong Oxygen permeability as well as strong moisture permeability; in order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external glue of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM



7.Other points for attention, please refer to our LED user manual , In accordance with the user manual, the product shelf life is 24 months , If there is a warranty agreement, the warranty agreement shall prevail

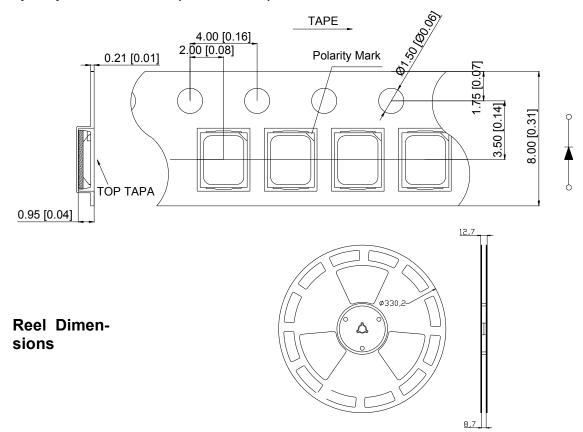
Label

PartNo: Part number

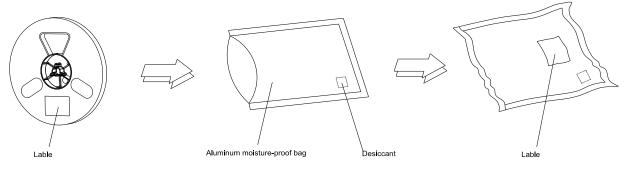
ΦV: Luminous intensity rankVF: Forward voltage rankX/Y: Coordinate rankTC: Color temperature

LotNo: Lot number

Tape Specifications (Units: mm)



Moisture Resistant Packaging



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1 \text{mm}$, Unit: mm