

DS50PCI401 2.5 Gbps / 5.0 Gbps 4 Lane PCI Express Repeater with Equalization and De-Emphasis

Check for Samples: [DS50PCI401](#)

FEATURES

- **Input and Output signal conditioning increases PCIe reach in backplanes and cables**
- **0.09 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 5Gbps after 42" of FR4 (with Input EQ)**
- **0.11 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 5Gbps after 7m of PCIe Cable (with Input EQ)**
- **0.09 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 5Gbps with 28" of FR4 (with Output DE)**
- **0.13 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 5Gbps with 7m of PCIe Cable (with Output DE)**
- **Adjustable Transmit VOD 800 to 1200mVp-p**
- **Automatic power management on an individual lane basis via SMBus**
- **Adjustable electrical idle detect threshold.**
- **Data rate optimized 3-stage equalization to 26 dB gain**
- **Data rate optimized 6-level 0 to 12 dB transmit de-emphasis**
- **Flow-thru pinout in 10mmx5.5mm 54-pin leadless WQFN package**
- **Single supply operation at 2.5V**
- **>6kV HBM ESD rating**
- **-10 to 85°C operating temperature range**

DESCRIPTION

The DS50PCI401 is a low power, 4 lane bidirectional buffer/equalizer designed specifically for PCI Express Gen1 and Gen2 applications. The device performs both receive equalization and transmit de-emphasis, allowing maximum flexibility of physical placement within a system. The receiver is capable of opening an input eye that is completely closed due to inter-symbol interference (ISI) induced by the interconnect medium.

The transmitter de-emphasis level can be set by the user depending on the distance from the DS50PCI401 to the PCI Express endpoint. The DS50PCI401 contains PCI Express specific functions such as Transmit Idle, RX Detection, and Beacon signal pass through.

The device will change the load impedance on its input pins based on the state of RXDETA/B inputs detection. An internal rate detection circuit is included to detect if an incoming data stream is at Gen2 data rates, and adjusts the de-emphasis on its output accordingly. The signal conditioning provided by the device allows systems to upgrade from Gen1 data rates to Gen2 without reducing their physical reach. This is true for FR4 applications such as backplanes, as well as cable interconnect.



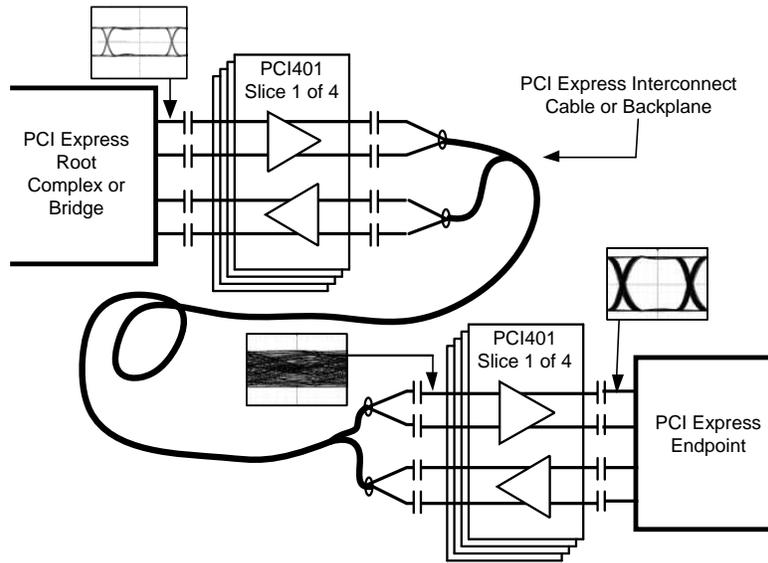
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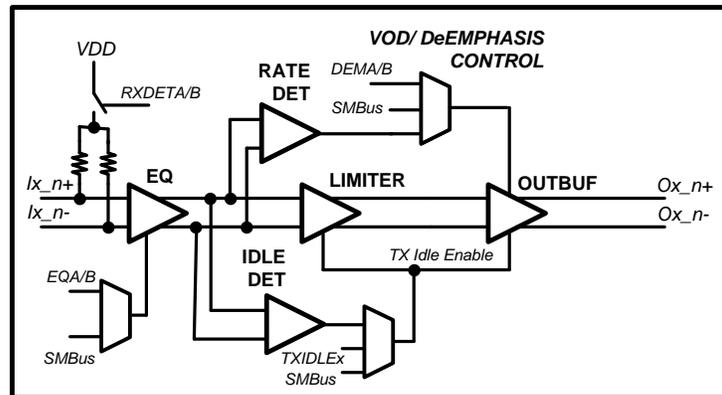
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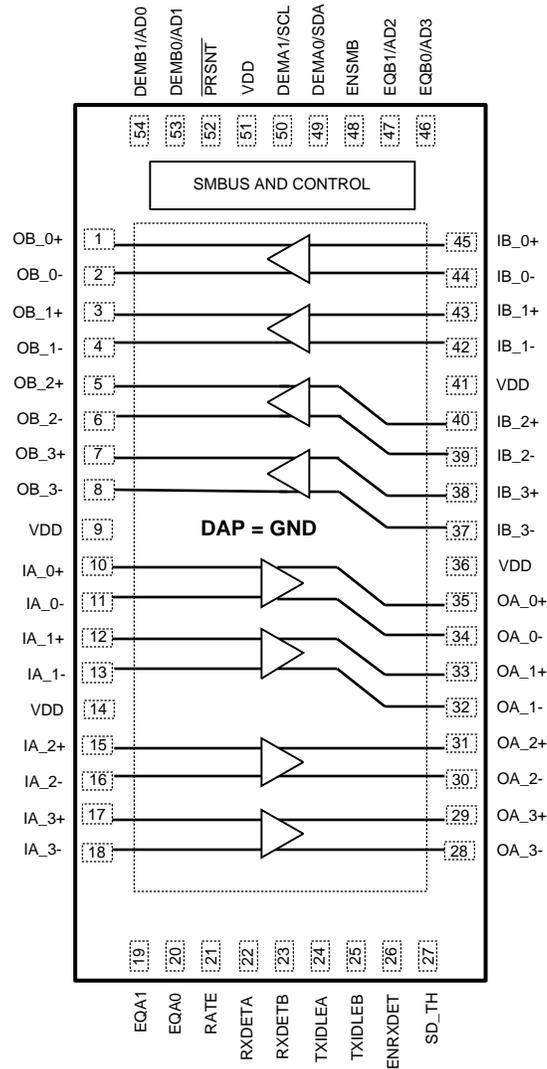
Typical Application



Block Diagram - Detail View Of Channel (1 Of 8)



Pin Diagram



DS50PCI401 Pin Diagram 54 lead

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

| Pin Name | Pin Number | I/O, Type | Pin Description |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Differential High Speed I/O's | | | |
| IA_0+, IA_0- , IA_1+, IA_1- , IA_2+, IA_2- , IA_3+, IA_3- | 10, 11 12, 13 15, 16 17, 18 | I, CML | Inverting and non-inverting CML differential inputs to the equalizer. A gated on-chip 50Ω termination resistor connects INA_0+ to VDD and INA_0- to VDD when enabled. |
| OA_0+, OA_0- , OA_1+, OA_1- , OA_2+, OA_2- , OA_3+, OA_3- | 35, 34 33, 32 31, 30 29, 28 | O,LPDS | Inverting and non-inverting low power differential signal (LPDS) 50Ω driver outputs with de-emphasis. Compatible with AC coupled CML inputs. |
| IB_0+, IB_0- , IB_1+, IB_1- , IB_2+, IB_2- , IB_3+, IB_3- | 45, 44 43, 42 40, 39 38, 37 | I, CML | Inverting and non-inverting CML differential inputs to the equalizer. A gated on-chip 50Ω termination resistor connects INB_0+ to VDD and INB_0- to VDD when enabled. |
| OB_0+, OB_0- , OB_1+, OB_1- , OB_2+, OB_2- , OB_3+, OB_3- | 1, 2 3, 4 5, 6 7, 8 | O,LPDS | Inverting and non-inverting low power differential signal (LPDS) 50Ω driver outputs with de-emphasis. Compatible with AC coupled CML inputs. |
| Control Pins — Shared (LVCMOS) | | | |
| ENSMB | 48 | I, LVCMOS w/internal pulldown | System Management Bus (SMBus) enable pin. When pulled high provide access internal digital registers that are a means of auxiliary control for such functions as equalization, de-emphasis, VOD, rate, and idle detection threshold. When pulled low, access to the SMBus registers are disabled and SMBus function pins are used to control the Equalizer and De-Emphasis. Please refer to SYSTEM MANAGEMENT BUS (SMBUS) AND CONFIGURATION REGISTERS and Electrical Characteristics — Serial Management Bus Interface for detail information. |
| ENSMB = 1 (SMBUS MODE) | | | |
| SCL | 50 | I, LVCMOS | ENSMB = 1 SMBUS clock input pin is enabled. External pull-up resistor maybe needed. Refer to R _{TERM} in the SMBus specification. |
| SDA | 49 | I, LVCMOS, O, Open Drain | ENSMB = 1 The SMBus bi-directional SDA pin is enabled. Data input or open drain output. External pull-up resistor is required. Refer to R _{TERM} in the SMBus specification. |
| AD0-AD3 | 54, 53, 47, 46 | I, LVCMOS w/internal pulldown | ENSMB = 1 SMBus Slave Address Inputs. In SMBus mode, these pins are the user set SMBus slave address inputs. See section — SYSTEM MANAGEMENT BUS (SMBUS) AND CONFIGURATION REGISTERS for additional information. |
| ENSMB = 0 (NORMAL PIN MODE) | | | |
| EQA0, EQA1 EQB0, EQB1 | 20, 19 46, 47 | I,FLOAT, LVCMOS | EQA/B ,0/1 controls the level of equalization of the A/B sides as shown in Table 2 . The EQA/B pins are active only when ENSMB is de-asserted (Low). Each of the 4 A/B channels have the same level unless controlled by the SMBus control registers. When ENSMB goes high the SMBus registers provide independent control of each lane, and the EQB0/B1 pins are converted to SMBUS AD2/AD3 inputs. |
| DEMA0, DEMA1 DEMB0, DEMB1 | 49, 50 53, 54 | I,FLOAT, LVCMOS | DEMA/B ,0/1 controls the level of de-emphasis of the A/B sides as shown in Table 3 . The DEMA/B pins are only active when ENSMB is de-asserted (Low). Each of the 4 A/B channels have the same level unless controlled by the SMBus control registers. When ENSMB goes High the SMBus registers provide independent control of each lane and the DEM pins are converted to SMBUS AD0/AD1 and SCL/SDA inputs. |
| RATE | 21 | I,FLOAT, LVCMOS | RATE control pin controls the pulse width of de-emphasis of the output. A Low forces Gen1 (2.5Gbps), High forces Gen 2 (5Gbps), Open/Floating the rate is internally detected after each exit from idle and the pulse width is set appropriately. When ENSMB= 1 this pin is disabled and the RATE function is controlled internally by the SMBUS registers. Refer to Table 3 . |

Table 1. Pin Descriptions (continued)

| Pin Name | Pin Number | I/O, Type | Pin Description |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Control Pins — Both Modes (LVCMOS) | | | |
| RXDETA,RXDETB | 22,23 | I, LVCMOS w/internal pulldown | The RXDET pins in combination with the ENRXDET pin controls the receiver detect function. Depending on the input level, a 50Ω or >50KΩ termination to the power rail is enabled. Refer to Table 6 . |
| PRSENT | 52 | I, LVCMOS | Cable Present Detect input. High when a cable is not present per PCIe Cabling Spec. 1.0. Puts part into low power mode. When low (normal operation) part is enabled. |
| ENRXDET | 26 | I, LVCMOS w/internal pulldown | Enables pin control of receiver detect function. Pin must be pulled high externally for RXDETA/B to function. Controls both A and B sides. Refer to Table 6 . |
| TXIDLEA, TXIDLEB | 24,25 | I, FLOAT, LVCMOS | Controls the electrical idle function on corresponding outputs when enabled. H= electrical Idle, Float=autodetect (Idle on input passed to output), L=Idle squelch disabled as shown in Table 4 . |
| Analog | | | |
| SD_TH | 27 | I, ANALOG | Threshold select pin for electrical idle detect threshold. Float pin for default 130mV DIFF p-p, otherwise connect resistor from SD_TH to GND to set threshold voltage as shown in Table 5 . |
| Power | | | |
| VDD | 9, 14,36, 41, 51 | Power | Power supply pins CML/analog. |
| GND | DAP | Power | Ground pad (DAP - die attach pad). |

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The DS50PCI401 is a low power media compensation 4 lane repeater optimized for PCI Express Gen 1 and Gen 2 media including lossy FR-4 printed circuit board backplanes and balanced cables. The DS50PCI401 operates in two modes: Pin Control Mode (ENSMB = 0) and SMBus Mode (ENSMB = 1).

Pin Control Mode:

When in pin mode (ENSMB = 0), the repeater is configurable with external pins. Equalization and de-emphasis can be selected via pin for each side independently. When de-emphasis is asserted VOD is automatically increased per the De-Emphasis table below for improved performance over lossy media. The receiver detect pins RXDETA/B provide manual control for input termination (50Ω or >50KΩ). Rate optimization is also pin controllable, with pin selections for 2.5Gbps, 5Gbps, and auto detect. The receiver electrical idle detect threshold is also programmable via an optional external resistor on the SD_TH pin.

SMBUS Mode:

When in SMBus mode the equalization, de-emphasis, and termination disable features are all programmable on an individual lane basis, instead of grouped by sides as in the pin mode case. Upon assertion of ENSMB the RATE, EQx and DEMx functions revert to register control immediately. The EQx and DEMx pins are converted to AD0-AD3 SMBus address inputs. The other external control pins remain active unless their respective registers are written to and the appropriate override bit is set, in which case they are ignored until ENSMB is driven low. On powerup and when ENSMB is driven low all registers are reset to their default state. If PRSNT is asserted while ENSMB is high, the registers retain their current state.

Table 2. Equalization Input Select Pins for A and B ports (3–Level Input)

| EQ1 ⁽¹⁾ | EQ0 ⁽¹⁾ | Equalization Level | Suggested Use |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| F | F | Off | Bypass |
| 1 | 1 | Approx. 4 dB at 2.5Ghz | 8 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or less than 1 meter (28 AWG) PCIe cable |
| 0 | 0 | Approx. 9.6 dB at 2.5GHz | 14 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or 1 meter (28 AWG) PCIe cable |
| F | 0 | Approx. 11.4 dB at 2.5Ghz | 20 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or 5 meters (26 AWG) PCIe cable |
| 1 | 0 | Approx. 15.5 dB at 2.5Ghz | 30 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or 7 meters (24 AWG) PCIe cable |
| F | 1 | Approx. 17 dB at 2.5Ghz | 40 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or 9 meters (24 AWG) PCIe cable |
| 0 | 1 | Approx. 19.1 dB at 2.5Ghz | 50 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or 10 meters (24 AWG) PCIe cable |
| 0 | F | Approx. 20.6 dB at 2.5Ghz | 15 meters (24 AWG) PCIe cable |
| 1 | F | Approx. 26.3 dB at 2.5Ghz | >15 meters (24 AWG) PCIe cable |

(1) F=Float (don't drive pin, each float pin has an internal 50K Ohm resistor to VDD and GND), 1=High, 0=Low

Table 3. De-Emphasis Input Select Pins for A and B ports (3–Level Input)

| RATE | DEM1 ⁽¹⁾ | DEM0 ⁽¹⁾ | Typical De-Emphasis Level | Typical DE Pulse Width | Typical VOD | Suggested Use |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------|---|
| 0/F | 0 | 0 | 0dB | 0ps | 1000mV | |
| 0/F | 0 | 1 | -3.5dB | 400ps | 1000mV | 8 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) or less than 1 meter (28 AWG) PCIe cable |
| 0/F | 1 | 0 | -6dB | 400ps | 1000mV | |
| 0/F | 1 | 1 | -6dB | 400ps enhanced | 1000mV | 15 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) |
| 0/F | 0 | F | -9dB | 400ps enhanced | 1000mV | |
| 0/F | 1 | F | -12dB | 400ps enhanced | 1000mV | |
| 0/F | F | 0 | -9dB | 400ps enhanced | 1200mV | 30 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) |
| 0/F | F | 1 | -12dB | 400ps enhanced | 1400mV | 40 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) |
| 0/F | F | F | Reserved, don't use | | | |
| 1/F | 0 | 0 | 0dB | 0ps | 1000mV | |
| 1/F | 0 | 1 | -3.5dB | 200ps | 1000mV | |

(1) F=Float (don't drive pin - (each float pin has an internal 50K Ohm resistor to VDD and GND). Enhanced DE Pulse width provides additional de-emphasis on second bit. VOD = Voltage Output Differential amplitude. When RATE is floated (F=Auto Rate Detection Active) DE Level and Pulse Width settings follow detected RATE. RATE=0 is 2.5Gbps, RATE=1 is 5 GBps

Table 3. De-Emphasis Input Select Pins for A and B ports (3–Level Input) (continued)

| RATE | DEM1 ⁽¹⁾ | DEM0 ⁽¹⁾ | Typical De-Emphasis Level | Typical DE Pulse Width | Typical VOD | Suggested Use |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1/F | 1 | 0 | -6dB | 200ps | 1000mV | |
| 1/F | 1 | 1 | -6dB | 200ps enhanced | 1000mV | 10 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) |
| 1/F | 0 | F | -9dB | 200ps enhanced | 1000mV | |
| 1/F | 1 | F | -12dB | 200ps enhanced | 1000mV | |
| 1/F | F | 0 | -9dB | 200ps enhanced | 1200mV | 20 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) |
| 1/F | F | 1 | -12dB | 200ps enhanced | 1400mV | 30 inches FR4 (6-mil trace) |
| 1/F | F | F | Reserved, don't use | | | |

Table 4. Idle Control (3–Level Input)

| TXIDLEA/B | Function |
|-----------|--|
| 0 | This state is for lossy media, dedicated Idle threshold detect circuit disabled, output follows input based on EQ settings. Idle state not guaranteed. |
| Float | Float enables automatic idle detection. Idle on the input is passed to the output. This is the recommended default state. Output driven to Idle if diff input signal less than value set by SD_TH pin. |
| 1 | Manual override, output forced to Idle. Diff inputs are ignored. |

Table 5. Receiver Electrical Idle Detect Threshold Adjust (Analog input - connect Resistor to GND or Float)

| SD_TH resistor value (Ω) (connect from pin to GND) ⁽¹⁾ | Typical Receiver Electrical Idle Detect Threshold (DIFF p-p) |
|---|--|
| Float (no resistor required) | 130mV (default condition) |
| 0 | 225mV |
| 80K | 20mV |

(1) SD_TH resistor value can be set from 0 through 80K Ohms to achieve desired idle detect threshold, see Figure 1. 8K Ohm is approx 130mV.

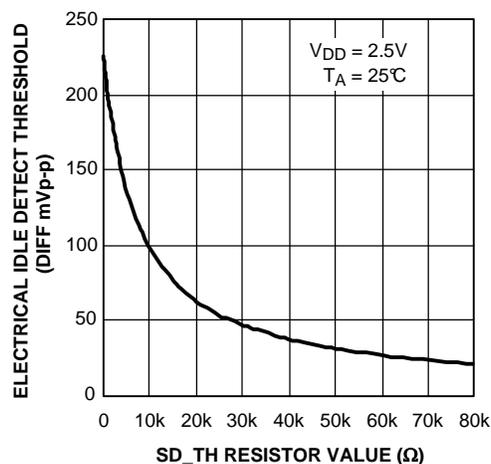


Figure 1. Typical Idle threshold vs SD_TH resistor value

Table 6. Receiver Detect Pins for A and B ports (LVCMOS inputs)

| PRSNT# | ENRXDET | RXDETA/B | Function |
|--------|---------|----------|---|
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Disable RXDETA termination mode: Rx detection state machine disabled. Input termination >50KΩ. Associated output channels in low power idle mode. |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | Force RXDETA termination mode: Rx detection state machine disabled. Input termination 50Ω. Associated output channels set to active. |

Table 6. Receiver Detect Pins for A and B ports (LVCMOS inputs) (continued)

| PRSNT# | ENRXDET | RXDETA/B | Function |
|--------|---------|----------|--|
| 1 | X | X | Power down mode: Input termination 50Ω. Associated output channels off. Part in power saving mode. |

USING RXDETA/B IN A PCIe ENVIRONMENT

In order for upstream and downstream PCIe subsystems to communicate in a cabling environment, the PCIe specification includes several auxiliary or sideband signals to manage system-level functionality or implementation. Similar methods are used in backplane applications, but the exact implementation falls outside the PCIe standard. Initial communication from the downstream subsystem to the upstream subsystem is done with the CPRSNT# auxiliary signal. The CPRSNT# signal is asserted Low by the downstream componentry after the "Power Good" condition has been established. This mechanism allows for the upstream subsystem to determine whether the power is good within the downstream subsystem, enable the reference clock, and initiate the Link Training Sequence.

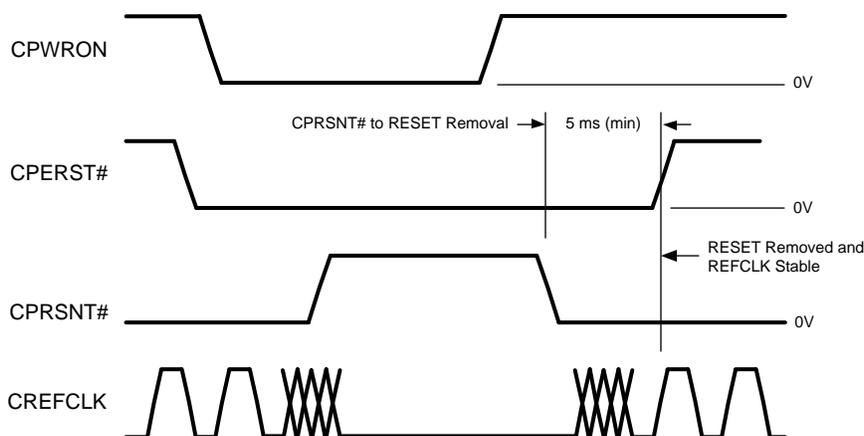


Figure 2. Typical PCIe System Timing

The signals shown in the graphic could be easily replicated within the downstream subsystem and used to control the RXDETA/B inputs on the DS50PCI401. Often an onboard microcontroller will be used to handle events like power-up, power-down, power saving modes, and hot insertion. The microcontroller would use the same information to determine when to enable and disable the DS50PCI401 input termination. In applications that require SMBus control, the microcontroller could also delay any response to the upstream subsystem to allow sufficient time to correctly program the DS50PCI401 and other devices on the board.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Supply Voltage (VDD) | -0.5V to +3.0V |
| LVCMOS Input/Output Voltage | -0.5V to +4.0V |
| CML Input Voltage | -0.5V to (VDD+0.5V) |
| CML Input Current | -30 to +30 mA |
| LPDS Output Voltage | -0.5V to (VDD+0.5V) |
| Analog (SD_TH) | -0.5V to (VDD+0.5V) |
| Junction Temperature | +125°C |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C to +125°C |
| Lead Temperature Range | |
| Soldering (4 sec.) | +260°C |
| Maximum Package Power Dissipation at 25°C | |
| NJY Package | 4.21 W |
| Derate NJY Package | 52.6mW/°C above +25°C |
| ESD Rating | |
| HBM, STD - JESD22-A114C | ≥6 kV |
| MM, STD - JESD22-A115-A | ≥250 V |
| CDM, STD - JESD22-C101-C | ≥1250 V |
| Thermal Resistance | |
| θ_{JC} | 11.5°C/W |
| θ_{JA} , No Airflow, 4 layer JEDEC | 19.1°C/W |

- (1) "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur, including inoperability and degradation of device reliability and/or performance. Functional operation of the device and/or non-degradation at the Absolute Maximum Ratings or other conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. The Recommended Operating Conditions indicate conditions at which the device is functional and the device should not be operated beyond such conditions. Absolute Maximum Numbers are guaranteed for a junction temperature range of -40°C to +125°C. Models are validated to Maximum Operating Voltages only.
- (2) **If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office / Distributors for availability and specifications.**

Recommended Operating Conditions

| | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| Supply Voltage | | | | |
| V _{DD} to GND | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| Ambient Temperature | -10 | 25 | +85 | °C |
| SMBus (SDA, SCL) | | | 3.6 | V |
| Supply Noise Tolerance up to 50Mhz ⁽¹⁾ | | | 100 | mV pp |

- (1) Allowed supply noise (mV_{p-p} sine wave) under typical conditions.

Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges with default register settings unless other specified. ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---|---|--|------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|
| POWER ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | |
| PD | Power Dissipation | EQX=Float, DEX=0, VOD=1Vpp, PRSNT=0 | | 758 | 950 | mW |
| | | PRSNT=1, ENSMB=0 | | 0.92 | 1.125 | mW |
| LVC MOS / LV TTL DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | High Level Input Voltage | ⁽⁴⁾ | 2 | | 3.6 | V |
| V _{IL} | Low Level Input Voltage | ⁽⁴⁾ | 0 | | 0.8 | V |
| V _{OH} | High Level Output Voltage | SMBUS open drain V _{OH} set by pullup Resistor | | | | V |
| V _{OL} | Low Level Output Voltage | I _{OL} = 4mA | | | 0.4 | V |
| I _{IH} | Input High Current | V _{IN} = 3.6V, LVC MOS | -15 | | +15 | μA |
| | | V _{IN} = 3.6V, w/ FLOAT, PULLDOWN input | -15 | | +120 | |
| I _{IL} | Input Low Current | V _{IN} = 0V | -15 | | +15 | μA |
| | | V _{IN} = 0V, w/FLOAT input | -80 | | +15 | |
| CML RECEIVER INPUTS (IN_{n+}, IN_{n-}) | | | | | | |
| RL _{RX-DIFF} | Rx package plus Si differential return loss | 0.05GHz – 1.25GHz ⁽⁵⁾ | | -21 | | dB |
| | | 1.25GHz – 2.5GHz ⁽⁵⁾ | | -20 | | |
| RL _{RX-CM} | Common mode Rx return loss | 0.05GHz - 2.5GHz ⁽⁵⁾ | | -11.5 | | dB |
| Z _{RX-DC} | Rx DC common mode impedance | Tested at VDD=0 | 40 | 50 | 60 | Ω |
| Z _{RX-DIFF-DC} | Rx DC differential impedance | Tested at VDD=0 | 85 | 100 | 115 | Ω |
| V _{RX-DIFF-DC} | Differential Rx peak to peak voltage | Tested at DC, TXIDLEx=0 | 0.10 | | 1.2 | V |
| Z _{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-POS} | DC Input CM impedance for V>0 | V _{in} = 0 to 200 mV, RXDETA/B = 0, ENSMB = 0, VDD=2.625 | 50 | | | KΩ |
| V _{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-PP} | Electrical Idle detect threshold | SD_TH = float, see Table 5 , ⁽⁶⁾ | 40 | | 175 | mV _{P-P} |
| LPDS OUTPUTS (OUT_{n+}, OUT_{n-}) | | | | | | |
| V _{TX-DIFF-PP} | Output Voltage Swing | Differential measurement with OUT _{n+} and OUT _{n-} terminated by 50Ω to GND AC-Coupled, Figure 4 , ⁽³⁾ | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | mV _{P-P} |
| V _{OCM} | Output Common-Mode Voltage | Single-ended measurement DC-Coupled with 50Ω termination, ⁽¹⁾ | | V _{DD} - 1.4 | | V |
| V _{TX-DE-RATIO-3.5} | Tx de-emphasis level ratio | VOD = 1000 mV, DEM1 = GND, DEM0 = VDD, ⁽¹⁾ , ⁽⁷⁾ | | 3.5 | | dB |

- (1) Typical values represent most likely parametric norms at V_{DD} = 2.5V, T_A = 25°C., and at the Recommended Operation Conditions at the time of product characterization and are not guaranteed.
- (2) The Electrical Characteristics tables list guaranteed specifications under the listed Recommended Operating Conditions except as otherwise modified or specified by the Electrical Characteristics Conditions and/or Notes. Typical specifications are estimations only and are not guaranteed.
- (3) Measured with DEM Select pins configured for 1000mV VOD, see De-emphasis table.
- (4) Input edge rate for LVC MOS/FLOAT inputs must be 50ns minimum from 10-90%.
- (5) Input Return Loss also uses the setup shown in [Figure 6](#). The blocking / biasing circuit is replaced with a simple AC coupling capacitor for each input to emulate a typical PCIe application.
- (6) Measured at package pins of receiver. Less than 40mV is IDLE, greater than 175mV is ACTIVE. SD_TH pin connected with resistor to GND overrides this default setting.
- (7) Measured with a repeating K28.5 pattern at a data rate of 2.5 Gbps and 5.0 Gbps.

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges with default register settings unless other specified. ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---|--|--|-----|------|------|--------|
| V _{TX-DE-RATIO-6} | Tx de-emphasis level ratio | VOD = 1000 mV, DEM1 = VDD, DEM0 = GND, ⁽¹⁾ , ⁽⁷⁾ | | 6 | | dB |
| T _{TX-HF-DJ-DD} | Tx Dj > 1.5 Mhz | ⁽⁸⁾ | | | 0.15 | UI |
| T _{TX-LF-RMS} | Tx RMS jitter < 1.5Mhz | ⁽⁸⁾ | | | 3.0 | ps RMS |
| T _{TX-RISE-FALL} | Transmitter Rise/ Fall Time | 20% to 80% of differential output voltage, Figure 3 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁹⁾ | 50 | 67 | | ps |
| T _{RF-MISMATCH} | Tx rise/fall mismatch | 20% to 80% of differential output voltage ⁽¹⁾ ⁽⁹⁾ | | 0.01 | 0.1 | UI |
| RL _{TX-DIFF} | Differential Output Return Loss | 0.05- 1.25 Ghz, See Figure 6 | | -23 | | dB |
| | | 1.25- 2.5 Ghz, See Figure 6 | | -20 | | dB |
| RL _{TX-CM} | Common Mode Return Loss | 0.05- 2.5 Ghz, See Figure 6 | | -11 | | dB |
| Z _{TX-DIFF-DC} | DC differential Tx impedance | | | 100 | | Ω |
| V _{TX-CM-AC-PP} | Tx AC common mode voltage | | | | 100 | mVpp |
| I _{TX-SHORT} | transmitter short circuit current limit | Total current transmitter can supply when shorted to VDD or GND | | | 90 | mA |
| V _{TX-CM-DC- ACTIVE-IDLE- DELTA} | Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage during L0 and electrical Idle | | | | 40 | mV |
| V _{TX-CM-DC- LINE-DELTA} | Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage between Tx+ and Tx- | | | | 25 | mV |
| T _{TX-IDLE-SET-TO -IDLE} | Max time to transition to valid diff signaling after leaving Electrical Idle | VIN = 800 mVp-p, 5 Gbps, Figure 5 | | 6.5 | 9.5 | nS |
| T _{TX-IDLE-TO -DIFF-DATA} | Max time to transition to valid diff signaling after leaving Electrical Idle | VIN = 800 mVp-p, 5 Gbps, Figure 5 | | 5.5 | 8 | nS |
| T _{PDEQ} | Differential Propagation Delay | EQ = 11, +4.0 dB @ 2.5 GHz, Figure 4 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | 150 | 200 | 250 | ps |
| T _{PD} | Differential Propagation Delay | EQ = FF, Equalizer Bypass, Figure 4 ⁽¹⁰⁾ ⁽¹¹⁾ | 120 | 170 | 220 | ps |
| T _{LSK} | Lane to Lane Skew in a Single Part | T _A = 25C, V _{DD} = 2.5V ⁽¹²⁾ ⁽¹¹⁾ | | | 27 | ps |
| T _{PPSK} | Part to Part Propagation Delay Skew | T _A = 25C, V _{DD} = 2.5V | | | 35 | ps |

(8) PCIe 2.0 transmit jitter specifications - actual device jitter is much less. Actual device Rj and Dj has been characterized and specified with test loads outlined in the EQUALIZATION and DE-EMPHASIS sections of the Electrical Characteristics table.

(9) Guaranteed by device characterization

(10) Propagation Delay measurements will change slightly based on the level of EQ selected. EQ Bypass will result in the shortest propagation delays.

(11) Propagation Delay measurements for Part to Part skew are all based on devices operating under identical temperature and supply voltage conditions.

(12) Guaranteed by device characterization

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges with default register settings unless other specified. ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---------------------|---|---|-----|------|------|-------------------|
| EQUALIZATION | | | | | | |
| DJE1 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 5 Gbps | 42" of 5 mil stripline FR4, EQ1,0=F,1; K28.5 pattern, DEMx=0, Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.02 | 0.09 | UI _{p-p} |
| DJE2 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 2.5 Gbps | 42" of 5 mil stripline FR4, EQ1,0=F,1; K28.5 pattern, DEMx=0, Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.02 | 0.04 | UI _{p-p} |
| DJE3 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 5 Gbps | 7 meters of 24 AWG PCIe cable, EQ1,0=1,0; K28.5 pattern, DEMx=0, Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.02 | 0.11 | UI _{p-p} |
| DJE4 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 2.5 Gbps | 7 meters of 24 AWG PCIe cable, EQ1,0=1,0; K28.5 pattern, DEMx=0, Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.03 | 0.07 | UI _{p-p} |
| RJ | Random Jitter | Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F, Repeating 1100b (D24.3) pattern. ⁽¹³⁾ | | <0.5 | | psrms |
| DE-EMPHASIS | | | | | | |
| DJD1 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 5 Gbps | 28" of 5 mil stripline FR4, EQ1,0=F,F; K28.5 pattern, DEM1,0=F,1; Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.02 | 0.09 | UI _{p-p} |
| DJD2 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 2.5 Gbps | 28" of 5 mil microstrip FR4, EQ1,0=F,F; K28.5 pattern, DEM1,0=F,0; Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.03 | 0.05 | UI _{p-p} |
| DJD3 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 5 Gbps | 7 meters of 24 AWG PCIe cable, EQ1,0=F,F; K28.5 pattern, DEM1,0=F,1; Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.03 | 0.13 | UI _{p-p} |
| DJD4 | Residual Deterministic Jitter at 2.5 Gbps | 7 meters of 24 AWG PCIe cable, EQ1,0=F,F; K28.5 pattern, DEM1,0=F,0; Tx Launch Amplitude 1.0 Vp-p, SD_TH=F. ⁽¹³⁾ ⁽¹⁴⁾ | | 0.04 | 0.06 | UI _{p-p} |

(13) Typical values represent most likely parametric norms at $V_{DD} = 2.5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$., and at the Recommended Operation Conditions at the time of product characterization and are not guaranteed.

(14) Residual DJ measurements subtract out deterministic jitter present at the generator outputs. For 2.5 Gbps generator $D_j = 0.0275$ UI and for 5.0 Gbps generator $D_j = 0.035$ UI.

Electrical Characteristics — Serial Management Bus Interface

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless other specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---|--|---|-------|------|------|-------|
| SERIAL BUS INTERFACE DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| V _{IL} | Data, Clock Input Low Voltage | | | | 0.8 | V |
| V _{IH} | Data, Clock Input High Voltage | | 2.1 | | 3.6 | V |
| I _{PULLUP} | Current Through Pull-Up Resistor or Current Source | High Power Specification | 4 | | | mA |
| V _{DD} | Nominal Bus Voltage | | 2.375 | | 3.6 | V |
| I _{LEAK-Bus} | Input Leakage Per Bus Segment | (1) | -200 | | +200 | μA |
| I _{LEAK-Pin} | Input Leakage Per Device Pin | | | -15 | | μA |
| C _I | Capacitance for SDA and SCL | (1) (2) | | | 10 | pF |
| R _{TERM} | External Termination Resistance pull to V _{DD} = 2.5V ± 5% OR 3.3V ± 10% | Pullup V _{DD} = 3.3V, (1) (2) (3) | | 2000 | | Ω |
| | | Pullup V _{DD} = 2.5V, (1) (2) (3) | | 1000 | | Ω |
| SERIAL BUS INTERFACE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS. See Figure 7 | | | | | | |
| FSMB | Bus Operating Frequency | (4) | 10 | | 100 | kHz |
| TBUF | Bus Free Time Between Stop and Start Condition | | 4.7 | | | μs |
| THD:STA | Hold time after (Repeated) Start Condition. After this period, the first clock is generated. | At I _{PULLUP} , Max | 4.0 | | | μs |
| TSU:STA | Repeated Start Condition Setup Time | | 4.7 | | | μs |
| TSU:STO | Stop Condition Setup Time | | 4.0 | | | μs |
| THD:DAT | Data Hold Time | | 300 | | | ns |
| TSU:DAT | Data Setup Time | | 250 | | | ns |
| T _{TIMEOUT} | Detect Clock Low Timeout | (4) | 25 | | 35 | ms |
| T _{LOW} | Clock Low Period | | 4.7 | | | μs |
| T _{HIGH} | Clock High Period | (4) | 4.0 | | 50 | μs |
| T _{LOW:SEXT} | Cumulative Clock Low Extend Time (Slave Device) | (4) | | | 2 | ms |
| t _F | Clock/Data Fall Time | (4) | | | 300 | ns |
| t _R | Clock/Data Rise Time | (4) | | | 1000 | ns |
| t _{POR} | Time in which a device must be operational after power-on reset | (4) | | | 500 | ms |

(1) Recommended value. Parameter not tested in production.

(2) Recommended maximum capacitance load per bus segment is 400pF.

(3) Maximum termination voltage should be identical to the device supply voltage.

(4) Compliant to SMBus 2.0 physical layer specification. See System Management Bus (SMBus) Specification Version 2.0, section 3.1.1 SMBus common AC specifications for details.

TIMING DIAGRAMS

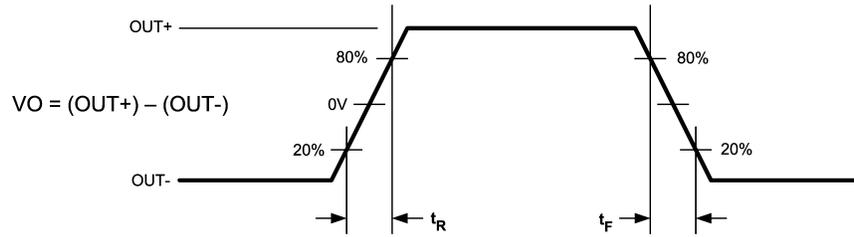


Figure 3. CML Output Transition Times

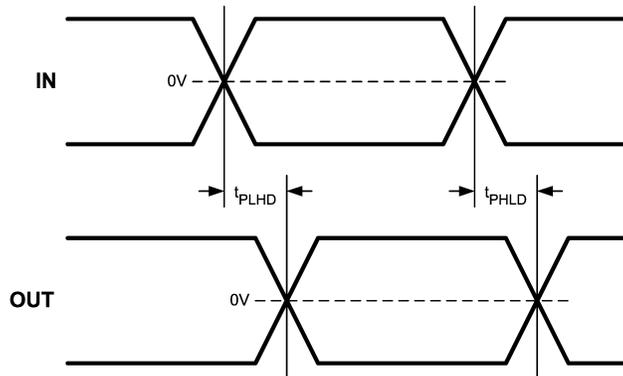


Figure 4. Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

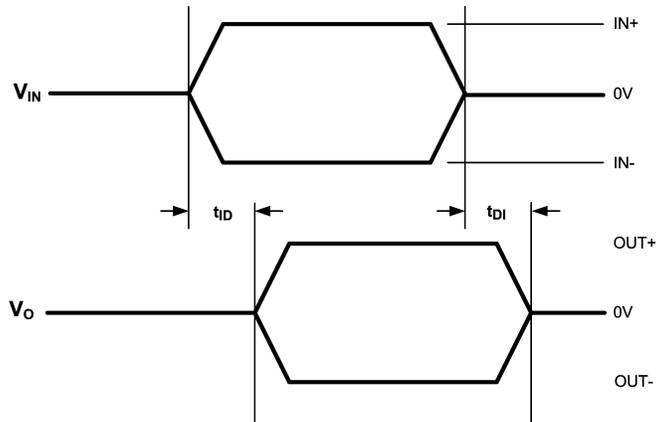


Figure 5. Idle Timing Diagram

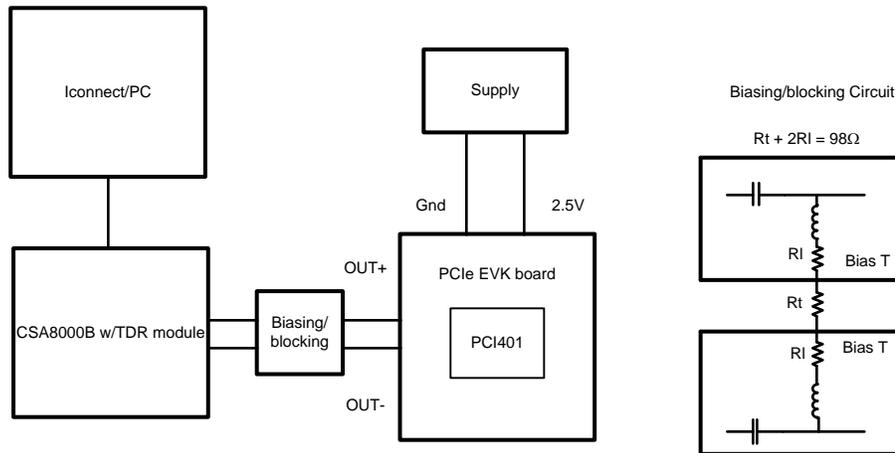


Figure 6. Input and Output Return Loss Setup

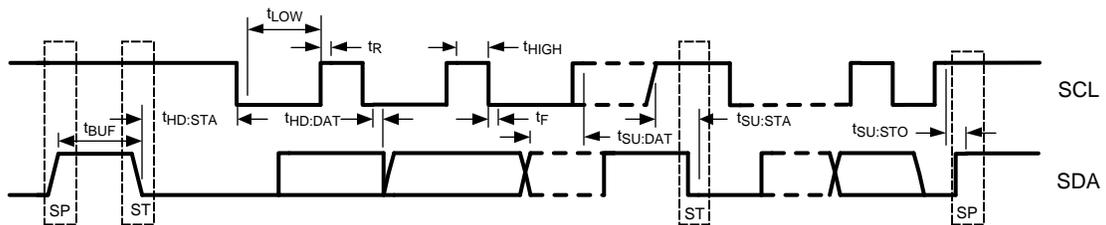


Figure 7. SMBus Timing Parameters

SYSTEM MANAGEMENT BUS (SMBUS) AND CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

The System Management Bus interface is compatible to SMBus 2.0 physical layer specification. ENSMB must be pulled high to enable SMBus mode and allow access to the configuration registers.

The DS50PCI401 has the AD[3:0] inputs in SMBus mode. These pins are the user set SMBus slave address inputs. The AD[3:0] pins have internal pull-down. When left floating or pulled low the AD[3:0] = 0000'b, the device default address byte is A0'h. Based on the SMBus 2.0 specification, the DS50PCI401 has a 7-bit slave address of 1010000'b. The LSB is set to 0'b (for a WRITE), thus the 8-bit value is 1010 0000'b or A0'h. The device address byte can be set with the use of the AD[3:0] inputs. Below are some examples.

AD[3:0] = 0001'b, the device address byte is A2'h

AD[3:0] = 0010'b, the device address byte is A4'h

AD[3:0] = 0100'b, the device address byte is A8'h

AD[3:0] = 1000'b, the device address byte is B0'h

The SDA, SCL pins are 3.3V tolerant, but are not 5V tolerant. External pull-up resistor is required on the SDA. The resistor value can be from 1 kΩ to 5 kΩ depending on the voltage, loading and speed. The SCL may also require an external pull-up resistor and it depends on the Host that drives the bus.

TRANSFER OF DATA VIA THE SMBus

During normal operation the data on SDA must be stable during the time when SCL is High.

There are three unique states for the SMBus:

START: A High-to-Low transition on SDA while SCL is High indicates a message START condition.

STOP: A Low-to-High transition on SDA while SCL is High indicates a message STOP condition.

IDLE: If SCL and SDA are both High for a time exceeding t_{BUF} from the last detected STOP condition or if they are High for a total exceeding the maximum specification for t_{HIGH} then the bus will transfer to the IDLE state.

SMBus TRANSACTIONS

The device supports WRITE and READ transactions. See Register Description table for register address, type (Read/Write, Read Only), default value and function information.

WRITING A REGISTER

To write a register, the following protocol is used (see SMBus 2.0 specification).

1. The Host drives a START condition, the 7-bit SMBus address, and a "0" indicating a WRITE.
2. The Device (Slave) drives the ACK bit ("0").
3. The Host drives the 8-bit Register Address.
4. The Device drives an ACK bit ("0").
5. The Host drive the 8-bit data byte.
6. The Device drives an ACK bit ("0").
7. The Host drives a STOP condition.

The WRITE transaction is completed, the bus goes IDLE and communication with other SMBus devices may now occur.

READING A REGISTER

To read a register, the following protocol is used (see SMBus 2.0 specification).

1. The Host drives a START condition, the 7-bit SMBus address, and a "0" indicating a WRITE.
2. The Device (Slave) drives the ACK bit ("0").
3. The Host drives the 8-bit Register Address.
4. The Device drives an ACK bit ("0").
5. The Host drives a START condition.

6. The Host drives the 7-bit SMBus Address, and a “1” indicating a READ.
7. The Device drives an ACK bit “0”.
8. The Device drives the 8-bit data value (register contents).
9. The Host drives a NACK bit “1” indicating end of the READ transfer.
10. The Host drives a STOP condition.

The READ transaction is completed, the bus goes IDLE and communication with other SMBus devices may now occur.

Please see [Table 7](#) for more information.

SMBus REGISTER WRITES:

The DS50PCI401 outputs will NOT be PCIe compliant with the SMBus registers enabled (ENSMB = 1) until the VOD levels have been set. Below is an example to configure the VOD level to a PCIe compliant amplitude and adjust the DE and EQ signal conditioning to work with a 7m PCIe cable interconnect on the input B-side / output A-side of the device

1. Reset the SMBus registers to default values:
 - **Write 01'h to address 0x00.**
2. Set VOD = 1.0V for all channels (OA[3:0] and OB[3:0]):
 - **Write 0F'h to address 0x10, 0x17, 0x1E, 0x25, 0x2D, 0x34, 0x3B, 0x42.**
3. Set equalization to external pin level EQ[1:0] = 10 (~15.5 dB at 2.5 GHz) for all channels (IB[3:0]):
 - **Write 39'h to address 0x0F, 0x16, 0x1D, 0x24.**
4. Set de-emphasis to DE[1:0] = F1 or -12 dB enhanced for all A channels (OA[3:0]):
 - **Write A0'h to address 0x2E, 0x35, 0x3C, 0x43.**

IDLE AND RATE DETECTION TO EXTERNAL PINS

The functions of IDLE and RATE detection to external pins for monitoring can be supported in SMBus mode. The external GPIO pins of 19, 20, 46 and 47 will be changed and they will serve as outputs for IDLE and RATE detect signals.

The following external pins should be set to auto detection:

RATE = F (FLOAT) – auto RATE detect enabled

TXIDLEA/B = F (FLOAT) – auto IDLE detect enabled

There are 4 GPIO pins that can be configured as outputs with reg_4E[0].

To disable the external SMBus address pins, so pin 46 and 47 can be used as outputs:

Write 01'h to address 0x4E.

Care must be taken to ensure that only the desired status block is enabled and attached to the external pin as the status blocks can be OR'ed together internally. Register bits reg_47[5:4] and bits reg_4C[7:6] are used to enable each of the status block outputs to the external pins. The channel status blocks can be internally OR'ed together to monitor more than one channel at a time. This allows more information to be presented on the status outputs and later if desired, a diagnosis of the channel identity can be made with additional SMBus writes to register bits reg_47[5:4] and bits reg_4C[7:6].

Below are examples to configure the device and bring the internal IDLE and RATE status to pins 19, 20, 46, 47.

To monitor the IDLE detect with two channels ORed (CH0 with CH2, CH1 with CH3, CH4 with CH6, CH5 with CH7):

Write 32'h to address 0x47.

The following IDLE status should be observable on the external pins:

pin 19 – CH0 with CH2,

pin 20 – CH1 with CH3,

pin 46 – CH4 with CH6,

pin 47 – CH5 with CH7.

Pin = HIGH (VDD) means IDLE is detected (no signal present).

Pin = LOW (GND) means ACTIVE (data signal present).

To monitor the RATE detect with two channels ORed (CH0 with CH2, CH1 with CH3, CH4 with CH6, CH5 with CH7):

Write C0'h to address 0x4C.

The following RATE status should be observable on the external pins:

pin 19 – CH0 with CH2,

pin 20 – CH1 with CH3,

pin 46 – CH4 with CH6,

pin 47 – CH5 with CH7.

Pin = HIGH (VDD) means high data rate is detected (6 Gbps).

Pin = LOW (GND) means low rate is detected (3 Gbps).

Table 7. SMBus Register Map

| Address | Register Name | Bit (s) | Field | Type | Default | Description |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------|---------------|------|---------|---|
| 0x00 | Reset | 7:1 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 0 | Reset | | | SMBus Reset 1: Reset registers to default value |
| 0x01 | PWDN Channels | 7:0 | PWDN CHx | R/W | 0x00 | Power Down per Channel [7]: CHA_3 [6]: CHA_2 [5]: CHA_1 [4]: CHA_0 [3]: CHB_3 [2]: CHB_2 [1]: CHB_1 [0]: CHB_0 00'h = all channels enabled FF'h = all channels disabled |
| 0x02 | PWDN Control | 7:1 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 0 | Override PWDN | | | 0: Allow PWDN pin control 1: Block PWDN pin control |
| 0x08 | Pin Control Override | 7:5 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 4 | Override IDLE | | | 0: Allow IDLE pin control 1: Block IDLE pin control |
| | | 3 | Reserved | | | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 2 | Override RATE | | | 0: Allow RATE pin control 1: Block RATE pin control |
| | | 1:0 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| 0x0E | CH0 - CHB0 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x0F | CH0 - CHB0 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH0 IB0 EQ | | | IB0 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ1 EQ0] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x10 | CH0 - CHB0 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH0 OB0 VOD | | | OB0 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x11 | CH0 - CHB0 DE Control | 7:0 | CH0 OB0 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OB0 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x12 | CH0 - CHB0 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x15 | CH1 - CHB1 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x16 | CH1 - CHB1 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH1 IB1 EQ | | | IB1 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ1 EQ0] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x17 | CH1 - CHB1 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH1 OB1 VOD | | | OB1 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x18 | CH1 - CHB1 DE Control | 7:0 | CH1 OB1 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OB1 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x19 | CH1 - CHB1 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x1C | CH2 - CHB2 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x1D | CH2 - CHB2 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH2 IB2 EQ | | | IB2 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ1 EQ0] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x1E | CH2 - CHB2 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH2 OB2 VOD | | | OB2 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x1F | CH2 - CHB2 DE Control | 7:0 | CH2 OB2 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OB2 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x20 | CH2 - CHB2 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x23 | CH3 - CHB3 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x24 | CH3 - CHB3 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH3 IB3 EQ | | | IB3 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ1 EQ0] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x25 | CH3 - CHB3 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH3 OB3 VOD | | | OB3 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x26 | CH3 - CHB3 DE Control | 7:0 | CH3 OB3 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OB3 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x27 | CH3 - CHB3 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x2B | CH4 - CHA0 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x2C | CH4 - CHA0 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH4 IA0 EQ | | | IA0 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ1 EQ0] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x2D | CH4 - CHA0 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH4 OA0 VOD | | | OA0 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x2E | CH4 - CHA0 DE Control | 7:0 | CH4 OA0 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OA0 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x2F | CH4 - CHA0 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x32 | CH5 - CHA1 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x33 | CH5 - CHA1 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH5 IA1 EQ | | | IA1 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ0 EQ1] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x34 | CH5 - CHA1 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH5 OA1 VOD | | | OA1 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x35 | CH5 - CHA1 DE Control | 7:0 | CH5 OA1 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OA1 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x36 | CH5 - CHA1 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x39 | CH6 - CHA2 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: 5.0 Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x3A | CH6 - CHA2 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH6 IA2 EQ | | | IA2 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ1 EQ0] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x3B | CH6 - CHA2 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH6 OA2 VOD | | | OA2 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x3C | CH6 - CHA2 DE Control | 7:0 | CH6 OA2 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OA2 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x3D | CH6 - CHA2 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |
| 0x40 | CH7 - CHA3 IDLE RATE Select | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5 | IDLE auto | | | 0: Allow IDLE_sel control in Bit 4 1: Automatic IDLE detect |
| | | 4 | IDLE select | | | 0: Output is ON (SD is disabled) 1: Output is muted (electrical idle) |
| | | 3:2 | Reserved | | | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 1 | RATE auto | | | 0: Allow RATE_sel control in Bit 0 1: Automatic RATE detect |
| | | 0 | RATE select | | | 0: 2.5 Gbps 1: Gbps |

Table 7. SMBus Register Map (continued)

| | | | | | | |
|------|---------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------|--|
| 0x41 | CH7 - CHA3 EQ Control | 7:6 | Reserved | R/W | 0x20 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 5:0 | CH7 IA3 EQ | | | IA3 EQ Control - total of 24 levels (3 gain stages with 8 settings) [5]: Enable EQ [4:3]: Gain Stage Control [2:0]: Boost Level Control Pin [EQ0 EQ1] = Register [EN] [GST] [BST] = Hex Value FF = 100000 = 20'h = Bypass (Default) 11 = 101010 = 2A'h 00 = 110000 = 30'h F0 = 110010 = 32'h 10 = 111001 = 39'h F1 = 110101 = 35'h 01 = 110111 = 37'h 0F = 111011 = 3B'h 1F = 111101 = 3D'h |
| 0x42 | CH7 - CHA3 VOD Control | 7 | Reserved | R/W | 0x03 | Set bit to 0. |
| | | 6:0 | CH7 OA3 VOD | | | OA3 VOD Control 03'h = 600 mV (Default) 07'h = 800 mV 0F'h = 1000 mV 1F'h = 1200 mV 3F'h = 1400 mV |
| 0x43 | CH7 - CHA3 DE Control | 7:0 | CH7 OA3 DEM | R/W | 0x03 | OA3 DEM Control [7]: DEM TYPE (Compatibility = 0 / Enhanced = 1) [6:0]: DEM Level Control Pin [DEM1 DEM0] = Register [TYPE] [Level Control] = Hex Value 00 = 00000001 = 01'h = 0.0 dB 01 = 11101000 = E8'h = -3.5 dB 11 = 10001000 = 88'h = -6.0 dB 0F = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB 1F = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB F0 = 10010000 = 90'h = -9.0 dB F1 = 10100000 = A0'h = -12.0 dB FF = 11000000 = C0'h = Reserved |
| 0x44 | CH7 - CHA3 IDLE Threshold | 7:4 | Reserved | R/W | 0x00 | Set bits to 0. |
| | | 3:0 | IDLE threshold | | | De-assert = [3:2], assert = [1:0] 00 = 110 mV, 70 mV (Default) 01 = 150 mV, 110 mV 10 = 170 mV, 130 mV 11 = 190 mV, 150 mV |

APPLICATION INFORMATION

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The DS50PCI401 is a high performance circuit capable of delivering excellent performance. Careful attention must be paid to the details associated with high-speed design as well as providing a clean power supply. Refer to the information below and the latest version of the LVDS Owner's Manual for more detailed information on high speed design tips to address signal integrity design issues.

PCB LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS FOR DIFFERENTIAL PAIRS

The CML inputs and LPDS outputs have been optimized to work with interconnects using a controlled differential impedance of 100Ω . It is preferable to route differential lines exclusively on one layer of the board, particularly for the input traces. The use of vias should be avoided if possible. If vias must be used, they should be used sparingly and must be placed symmetrically for each side of a given differential pair. Whenever differential vias are used the layout must also provide for a low inductance path for the return currents as well. Route the differential signals away from other signals and noise sources on the printed circuit board. See AN-1187 (SNOA401) for additional information on WQFN packages.

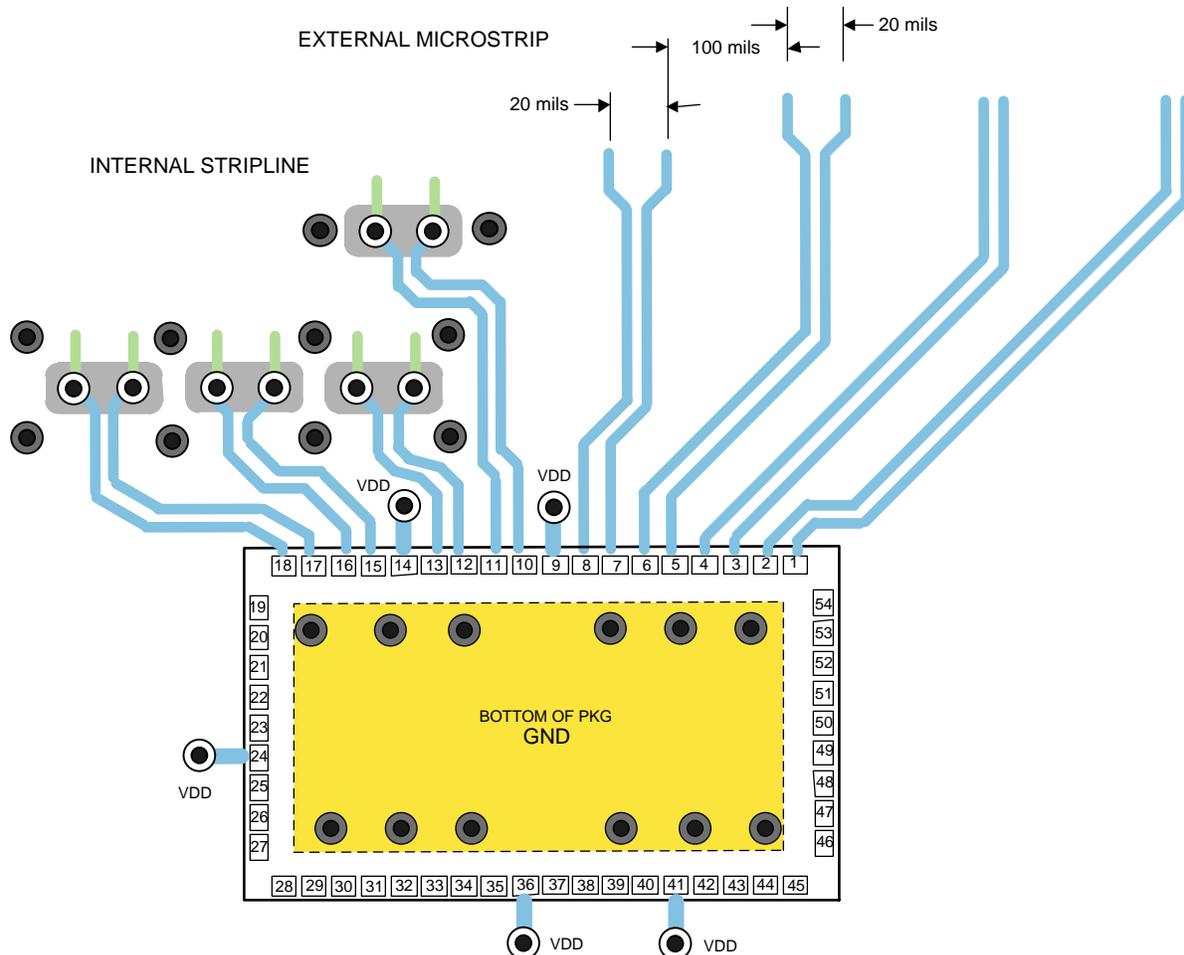


Figure 8. Typical Routing Options

The graphic shown above depicts different transmission line topologies which can be used in various combinations to achieve the optimal system performance. Impedance discontinuities at the differential via can be minimized or eliminated by increasing the swell around each hole and providing for a low inductance return current path. When the via structure is associated with thick backplane PCB, further optimization such as back drilling is often used to reduce the detrimental high frequency effects of stubs on the signal path.

POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

Two approaches are recommended to ensure that the DS50PCI401 is provided with an adequate power supply. First, the supply (V_{DD}) and ground (GND) pins should be connected to power planes routed on adjacent layers of the printed circuit board. The layer thickness of the dielectric should be minimized so that the V_{DD} and GND planes create a low inductance supply with distributed capacitance. Second, careful attention to supply bypassing through the proper use of bypass capacitors is required. A 0.01 μF bypass capacitor should be connected to each V_{DD} pin such that the capacitor is placed as close as possible to the DS50PCI401. Smaller body size capacitors can help facilitate proper component placement. Additionally, three capacitors with capacitance in the range of 2.2 μF to 10 μF should be incorporated in the power supply bypassing design as well. These capacitors can be either tantalum or an ultra-low ESR ceramic.

Typical Performance Eye Diagrams and Curves

DS50PCI401 Return Loss

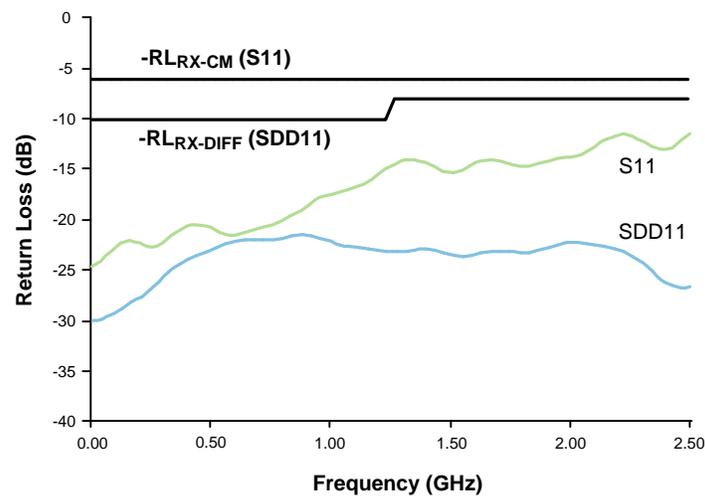


Figure 9. Receiver Return Loss Mask for 5.0 Gbps

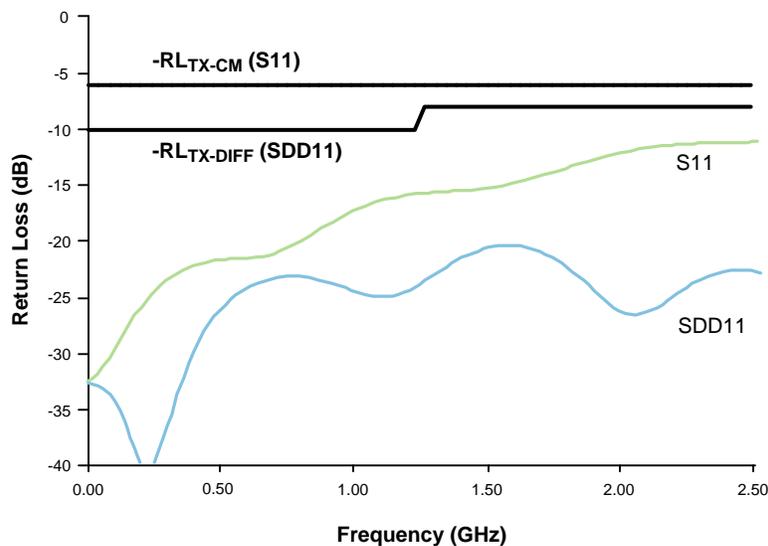


Figure 10. Transmitter Return Loss Mask for 5.0 Gbps

REVISION HISTORY

| Changes from Revision I (April 2013) to Revision J | Page |
|--|--------------------------|
| <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format | <hr/> 28 |

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable part number | Status (1) | Material type (2) | Package Pins | Package qty Carrier | RoHS (3) | Lead finish/ Ball material (4) | MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking (6) |
|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| DS50PCI401SQ/NOPB | Active | Production | WQFN (NJY) 54 | 2000 LARGE T&R | Yes | SN | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -10 to 85 | DS50PCI401SQ |
| DS50PCI401SQ/NOPB.A | Active | Production | WQFN (NJY) 54 | 2000 LARGE T&R | Yes | SN | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -10 to 85 | DS50PCI401SQ |
| DS50PCI401SQE/NOPB | Active | Production | WQFN (NJY) 54 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | SN | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -10 to 85 | DS50PCI401SQ |
| DS50PCI401SQE/NOPB.A | Active | Production | WQFN (NJY) 54 | 250 SMALL T&R | Yes | SN | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -10 to 85 | DS50PCI401SQ |

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



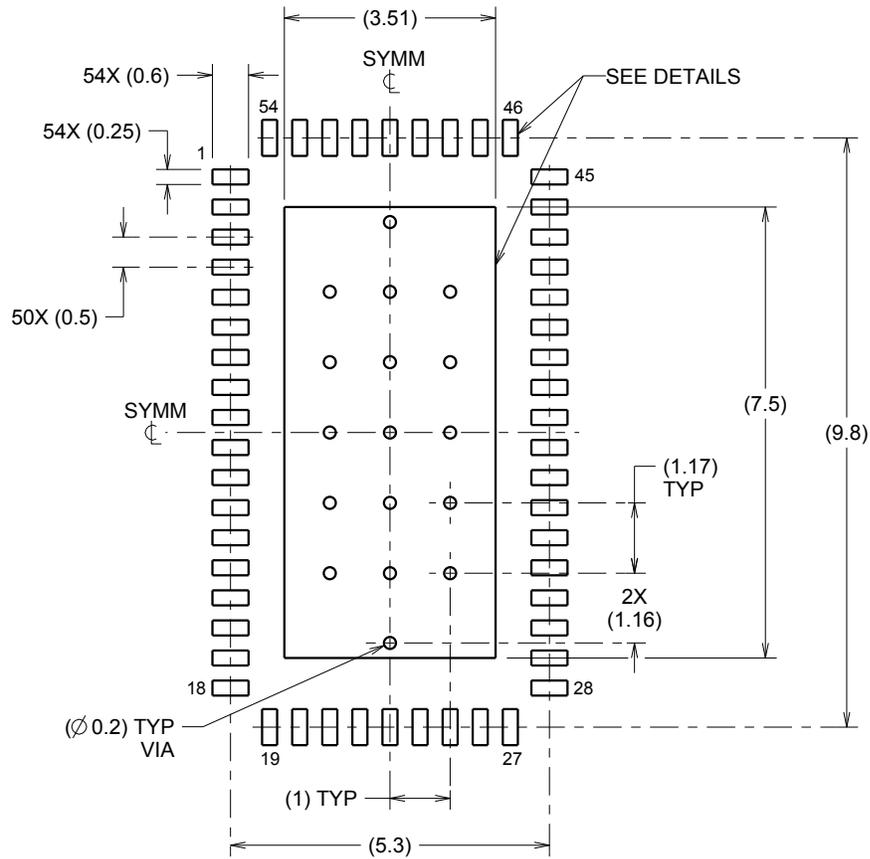
*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| DS50PCI401SQ/NOPB | WQFN | NJY | 54 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 5.8 | 10.3 | 1.0 | 12.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| DS50PCI401SQE/NOPB | WQFN | NJY | 54 | 250 | 178.0 | 16.4 | 5.8 | 10.3 | 1.0 | 12.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |

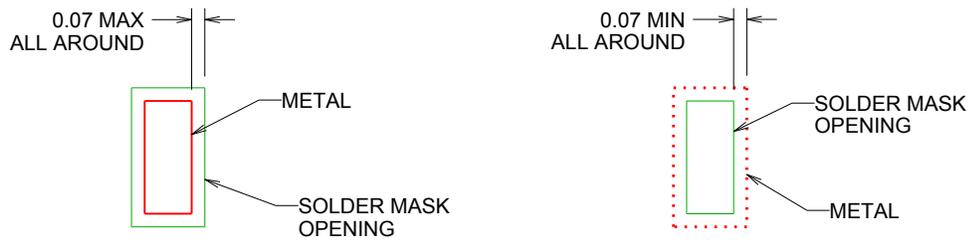
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| DS50PCI401SQ/NOPB | WQFN | NJY | 54 | 2000 | 356.0 | 356.0 | 36.0 |
| DS50PCI401SQE/NOPB | WQFN | NJY | 54 | 250 | 208.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:8X

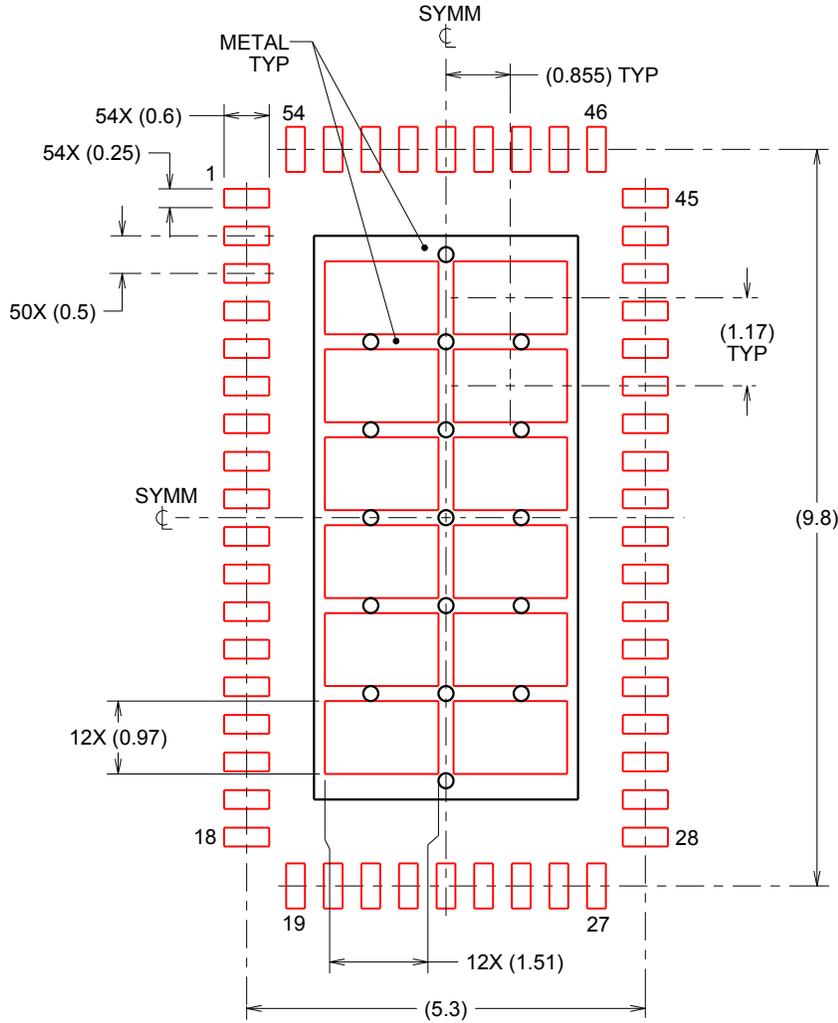


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214993/A 07/2013

NOTES: (continued)

- This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, refer to QFN/SON PCB application note in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



SOLDERPASTE EXAMPLE
 BASED ON 0.125mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD
 67% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA
 SCALE:10X

4214993/A 07/2013

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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